



Financial Institutions Net-Zero Standard

Explaining the Standard

July 2025

About the SBTi

The Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) is a corporate climate action organization that enables companies and financial institutions worldwide to play their part in combating the climate crisis.

We develop standards, tools and guidance which allow companies to set greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions reductions targets in line with what is needed to keep global heating below catastrophic levels and reach net-zero by 2050 at latest.

The SBTi is incorporated as a UK charity, with a subsidiary SBTi Services Limited, which hosts our target validation services. Partner organizations who facilitated SBTi's growth and development are CDP, the United Nations Global Compact, the We Mean Business Coalition, the World Resources Institute (WRI), and the World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF).

PARTNERS













The Financial Institutions Net-Zero Standard is a core element of SBTi's Standards new modular structure



Supporting the SBTi's transition to a formal standard-setting organization, the **new modular structure**, includes:

- Corporate Net-Zero Standard: Core requirements to set net-zero targets across scope 1, scope 2, and scope 3, category 1-14 GHG emissions.
- **Financial Institutions Net-Zero Standard:**Tailored requirements for financial actors covering scope 3, category 15 GHG emissions.
- Target-setting methods and pathways:
 Underlying target-setting methods, sector- and activity-specific pathways to support the target-setting process.
- Sector-specific standards: Tailoring of SBTi cross-sector standards to specific sectors and industries.

Overview of the SBTi Standards system **Target-setting Cross-sector Sector-specific** methods and pathways standards standards Entity-level target-(3) setting methods Corporate Net-Zero Standard Cross-sector pathway SBTi sector-specific standards Sector or activity specific pathways Financial Institutions Portfolio-level Net-Zero Standard target-setting methods Normative elements







- Provide a framework for financial institutions to address their scope 3, category 15 portfolio emissions consistent with net-zero by 2050.
- Broaden coverage to five financial activities: lending, asset owner and manager investing, insurance underwriting and capital market activities.
- Provide an option for combined near- and long-term target setting.



Facilitate the **scale up of financial institutions'** climate ambitions

- Elevate financial institutions' **crucial role in the global net-zero transition**, driving overall financed emissions reduction via target-setting to increase the share of climate-aligned financing.
- Prioritize engagement with portfolio companies to set their own science-based targets as the primary mechanism to achieve net-zero.



Incorporate expected financial institutions net-zero journey

- **Process** from commitment, assessment, target-setting, reporting and renewal.
- Claims associated with progress assessment and target delivery.



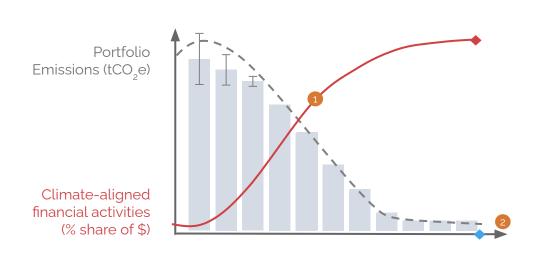
Improve structure, usability and interoperability

- Improve structure and interoperability between **SBTi standards**.
- Enhance interoperability with other relevant frameworks and standards.
- Allow use of **eligible third party alignment methodologies** to implement the Financial Institutions Net-Zero Standard.

Driving overall financed emissions reduction via target-setting to boost climate-aligned financing, prioritizing engagement



Conceptual framework



- Improving data quality and scope of portfolio emissions
- 'North star' financial institutions net-zero state 2050

Portfolio climate alignment

Leading metric to increase the share of financial activities supporting climate solutions and counterparties that are in transition or at a net-zero state.

Portfolio emissions

Lagging metric to reduce aggregate portfolio GHG emissions to zero or near-zero levels by 2050 and ensure that any residual emissions are neutralized by individual counterparties.

- Improved data quality and scope over portfolio emissions Improve the quality and transparency of emissions inventories over time, including portfolio emissions.
- Financial institutions net-zero state 2050

Acts as a north-star: Financial institutions' to ensure that their portfolio clients reduce their scopes 1, 2 and 3 emissions and neutralize any residual emissions.

The Standard entails a clear journey for financial institutions toward a net-zero state



Users of the Standard

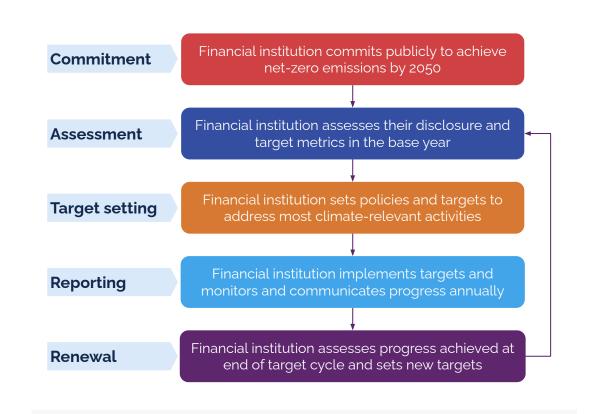
Designed primarily for financial institutions, defined as entities that generate 5% or more of their revenue from any of the following five financial activities:

Lending	Asset Owner	Asset Manager	Insurance	Capital Market
	Investing	Investing	Underwriting	Activities
			(S) *=	\$



While the Financial Institutions Net-Zero Standard covers scope 3, category 15 emissions, the Corporate Net-Zero Standard covers scopes 1, 2, and 3, categories 1-14 emissions. For financial institutions, the Financial Institutions Net-Zero Standard specifies how the Corporate Net-Zero Standard or relevant sector-specific guidance shall or should be used.

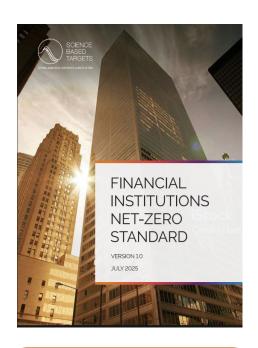
Net-zero journey



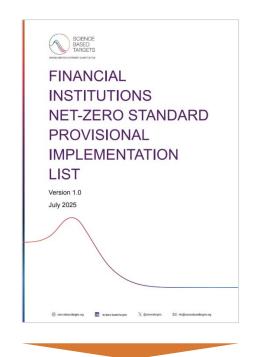
Any net-zero-related claims made by financial institutions must be accurate, transparent, verifiable, and compatible with the criteria in the Standard.

The Standard is complemented by a suite of materials





Normative criteria financial institutions are required to follow when developing science-based targets and submitting them for validation.



Implementation List:
Provides a list of eligible
climate-alignment
methodologies.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

Explanatory material



Understanding the Standard

- The Standard In Brief
- One-page Summary
- Executive Summary

Understanding processes followed

- Basis for Conclusions Report
- Protocol for Usage of Third-Party Alignment Methodologies

Material for target submission



Validation services resources

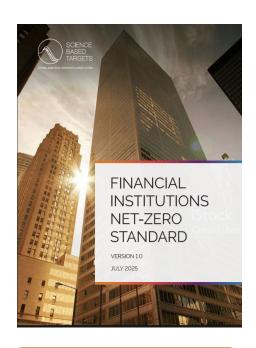
- Criteria Assessment Indicators
- Submission Form

Target calculation supporting materials

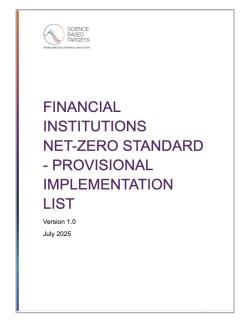
- Target-Setting Tool (to be published)
- Target-Setting Methods and Tool Documentation (to be published)

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How to set targets

Timing

DRIVING AMBITIOUS CORPORATE CLIMATE ACTION

Financial institutions

- Set near and long-term targets using Financial Institutions Net-Zero Standard v1.0
- Set near-term targets only using Financial Institutions Near-Term Criteria v2.0

Both can be used until at least December 2026

Financial institutions with net-zero commit-ments

Set near-term and long-term targets using Financial Institutions Net-Zero Standard v1.0

Within **24 months** of Financial Institution Net-Zero Standard publication

Financial institutions with existing near-term targets

- Existing near-term targets remain valid
- Revalidate near-term targets using Financial Institutions Near-Term Criteria v2.0
- Set near- and long-term targets using Financial Institutions Net-Zero Standard v1.0

Both can be used until at least December 2026

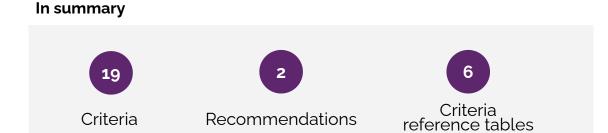
Find out more on the SBTi's financial institutions webpage.



The Standard comprises 19 criteria, 16 which are relevant at initial validation



Criteria and recommendations			Assessment stage*
Financial	FINZ-C1	Financial institutions net-zero commitment	IV
institutions'		Organizational boundary	IV RV
net-zero		Portfolio boundary Governance of climate targets	IV RV
commitment		•	IVRV
	FINZ-R1	Climate transition plan recommendation	-
	FINZ-C5	•	IV RV
Base-year	FINZ-C6	,	IV RV
assessment	FINZ-C7	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	IV RV
		Exposure assessment	IV RV
		Fossil fuel transition policy	IV RV
		No-deforestation	RV
		Real estate policy recommendation	-
Policies and	FINZ-C11	Non-portfolio targets	IV RV
target setting		Portfolio near-term targets	IV RV
33		Portfolio long-term targets	IV RV
		FIs net-zero state	NZ
		Communicating policies and targets	IV RV
	FINZ-C16	Triggered target recalculation	IV RV
Assessing &	FINZ-C17	Reporting	IV RV
communicating progress	FINZ-C18	Progress and target renewal	RV
SBTi claims	FINZ-C19	SBTi claims	IV RV



6 criteria reference tables support the application of the criteria

1 (1.1-1.5)	2	3	4.1	4.2	4.3
Segmentation of financial activities (for portfolio boundary)	List of emissions- intensive sectors and corresponding relevant value chain activities	Target specifications Portfolio near-term and portfolio long-term targets	Portfolio- level metrics, net-zero- aligned benchmarks, and target- setting methods for determining near-term targets	Climate- alignment assessment categories for different counterparty types	Sector specifications: metrics, net-zero- aligned benchmarks, and target setting methods for near-term sector targets

Financial institutions align with the net-zero transition following clear boundaries and governance





Chapter 1

Financial institutions' net-zero commitment

- FINZ-C1 Financial institutions' net-zero commitment: Shall publicly commit at an entity-level to achieve net-zero by 2050 or earlier.
- FINZ-C2 Organizational boundary: Shall establish an organizational boundary covering all relevant subsidiaries.
- FINZ-C3 Portfolio boundary: Shall identify their in-scope financial activities and undertake a segmentation of those that generate 5% or more of their total revenue.
- **FINZ-C4 Governance of climate targets**: Shall publish the governance framework within their organization for their net-zero targets.
- **FINZ-R1** Climate transition plan recommendation: Should publish a transition plan to substantiate their net-zero commitment and targets.

Zoom in FINZ-C3 Portfolio Boundary

- **Five financial activities** defined: Lending, asset owner investing, asset manager investing, insurance underwriting, and capital markets activities.
- Tables 1.1-1.5 provide segmentation A, B, C, D into sub-asset classes and business lines for each financial activity and are linked to sectors to establish prioritization in relevant criteria of the Standard.

Segment A	Segment B	Segment C	Segment D			
Sub-asset classes and business lines per tables 1.1-1.5						
(coal, oil and	land); Industrial (steel, cement), energy (power	•	Subset of activities in emissions- intensive sectors and other sectors			

Financial institutions transparently track key metrics and progressively improve them





Chapter 2

Base-year assessment

- **FINZ-C5 Base year selection:** Shall select a base year for target setting.
- **FINZ-C6 GHG emissions inventory:** Shall calculate a GHG emissions inventory for their base year across their operations, value chain, and in-scope financial activities.
- FINZ-C7 Base-year climate-alignment assessment: Shall assess the share of climate-alignment for each in-scope financial activity in their portfolios.
- **FINZ-C8 Exposure assessment:** Shall provide an assessment of their financial exposure to clean energy relative to fossil fuel in the base year and commit to assess and publish their deforestation exposure by 2030 at the latest.

Zoom in FINZ-C7 Base-year climate-alignment assessment

 Climate-alignment definition: Percentage share of in-scope financial exposure categorized as "in transition," "climate solutions," or "net-zero state".

In transition	Climate solutions	Net-zero state	Not aligned	Not assessed
Counterparties on a science- based pathway to net-zero.	Activities necessary for economy-wide transition to net-zero.	Counterparties that have reached zero or near-zero emissions levels.	Counterparties not targeting a net-zero transition.	No information on the counterparty available (yet).

• Financial institutions may use climate-alignment methodologies in the **Implementation List** or sector metrics (via a **benchmark divergence assessment**) to classify counterparties.

Base year climate alignment assessment can be informed using the implementation list



Implementation List

How it works

- Identifies 3rd party resources specifically for use in climate alignment base year assessment, providing a foundation for near- and long-term climate alignment target-setting.
- Currently contains eligible methodologies for "in transition" and "climate solutions".

Background and update of the list



- SBTi **process for evaluation** of 3rd party climate-alignment methodologies can be found in the interim protocol.
- The protocol describes the initial development including the **quality criteria**.
- It describes going forward how SBTi seeks to inform and update the implementation list, containing an envisioned update frequency of six months.



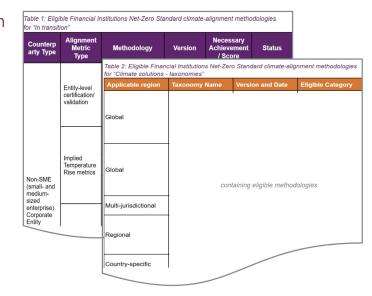
In transition



Climate solutions



Net-zero state



'Provisional' is used because it serves for the Financial Institutions

Net-Zero Standard only. It is a first step in supporting the interoperability
of the Financial Institutions Net-Zero Standard v1.0 by linking other
standards or schemes that complement our standards. It also prevents
duplication of efforts as required by the ISEAL Code Of Good Practice.
The SBTi is developing a global third-party recognition procedure across
Standards, which is expected to supplant this document once published.
Methodologies selected for target-setting remain valid for the near-term
target cycle.

Chapter 5

Base year climate-alignment assessment can be informed using benchmark divergence assessment - Segments B and D



sectors (not

listed in A or

activities in

! emissions-

other sectors

→ with segments defined in FINZ-C3

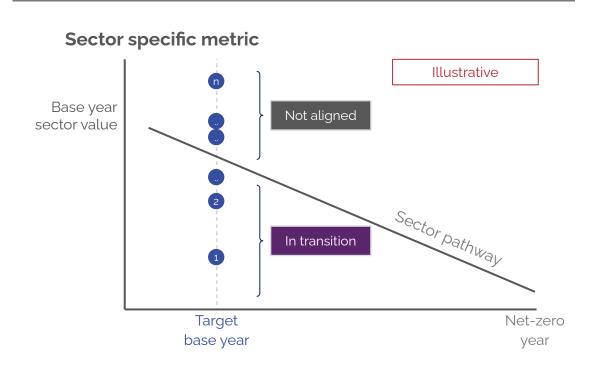
Fossil fuels Transport (air maritime, and

cement), energy (power

eneration), real estate residential and commercial buildings), forest, land and

(coal, oil and | land); Industrial (steel,

Benchmark divergence assessment



How it works

Application: Benchmark divergence assessment is relevant for segment and sub-asset classes in segments B and D, i.e. emissions-intensive sectors with

sector reference pathways:

- Transport (air, maritime, and land)
- Industrial (steel, cement)
- Energy (power generation)
- Real estate (residential and commercial buildings)
- Forest, land and agriculture (FLAG)

Climate-alignment assessment category "in transition"

Entity or assets (such as buildings) are classified as in transition when they demonstrate better performance than the relevant sector benchmark (in the reporting year)





Chapter 1



Considered a useful option for financial institutions that chose to set sector targets for emissions-intensive sectors.

Chapter 5

Financial institutions develop policies and set both near- and long-term targets





Chapter 3

Policies and target setting

- FINZ-C9 Fossil fuel transition policy: Shall publish a policy that addresses their new financial activities in the fossil fuel sector.
- **FINZ-C10 No-deforestation:** If significant, financial institutions shall publish an engagement plan to address deforestation in their portfolios.
- **FINZ-R2 Real estate policy recommendation:** Should publish a policy to address their financial activities related to real estate assets.
- FINZ-C11 Non-portfolio targets: Shall set near- and long-term targets for their operational scope 1 and 2 emissions, and where applicable, scope 3 categories 1-14 emissions, in accordance with the most recently applicable criteria in the SBTi Corporate Net-Zero Standard and/or SBTi Sector Standards.
- FINZ-C12 Portfolio near-term targets: Shall set one or multiple near-term targets for each in-scope financial activity (i.e., scope 3, category 15 emissions) using any of the eligible target metrics and target-setting methods.

- FINZ-C13 Portfolio long-term targets: Shall set one long-term net-zero-alignment target for each in-scope financial activity.
- FINZ-C14 Financial institutions' net-zero state: Shall ensure that counterparties in their portfolio achieve a state of net-zero emissions by the net-zero target year, involving the reduction of their scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions to zero or residual levels, and the neutralization of any residual emissions.
- FINZ-C15 Communicating policies and targets: Shall transparently communicate policies and targets in accordance with the requirements specified in this Standard.
- FINZ-C16 Triggered target recalculation: Shall commit to recalculation based on significant organizational changes and adherence to SBTi validation cycles and policies.

Chapter 3

Due to its relevance, fossil fuel financing is addressed via both policy and target setting



Policy: Cessation of support of the expansion of unabated fossil fuel production capacity

Three key policy components

- **1.** No new financing or insuring of coal expansion.
- 2. No new project financing or insuring of oil and gas expansion.
- **3.** No new general-purpose financing or insuring of companies involved in oil and gas expansion immediately or by 2030 at the latest.



Underlying scope of expansion activities:

- Thermal coal exploration, extraction, development or expansion of mines and unabated coal-fired power plants.
- New upstream oil and gas (exploration, extraction, development/expansion of oil and gas fields), new liquefied natural gas infrastructure.
- Permitted exclusions: Permanent decommissioning; advisory mandates in AMI; abating fossil fuel projects with >90% carbon capture rates and durable storage; related financial activities required by law.

Target setting: Use influence to align companies with a net-zero transition

Coal - set:

 Sector target only - subject to phase out targets (2030 OECD, 2040 Non-OECD).

Oil and Gas - select between:

- Alignment Target: more ambitious compared to other sectors - at least 95% alignment by 2035 in developed economies / 85% by 2035 in developing economies.
 - Definition "In Transition": absolute scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions reduction target and not engaging in new fossil fuel expansion.
- **Sector Target:** aggregate emissions from counterparties in the oil and gas sector and set absolute emissions reduction target in line with the International Energy Agency's Net Zero Emissions by 2050 Scenario.

Financial institutions set both near- and long-term targets increasing coverage of in-scope financial activities



Near-term portfolio targets

Target type: Flexibility to select near-term portfolio targets:

Portfolio climate-alignment targets: increase the share of climate-aligned financial activities across their portfolio.

- Across segments (except A for coal).
- Ambition level segment dependent:

Segment A: Fossil fuels: linear increase until **2035** to reach 95% developed | 85% developing countries.

Segment B: Emissions intensive & **Segment C**: linear increase until **2040** to reach 95% developed | 85% developing countries.

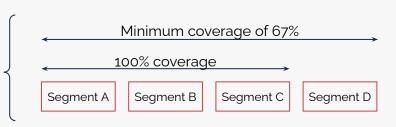
Segment D: Linear increase until **2050** to reach 95% developed | 85% developing countries.

Sector targets target setting based on sectoral benchmarks (e.g. physical intensity. technology share or absolute).

- Optional for segments A, B and D, except mandatory coal phase out.
- Ambition level: Reference pathway dependent.

Timeframe: Up to five years

Coverage: Segment dependent



Long-term portfolio targets

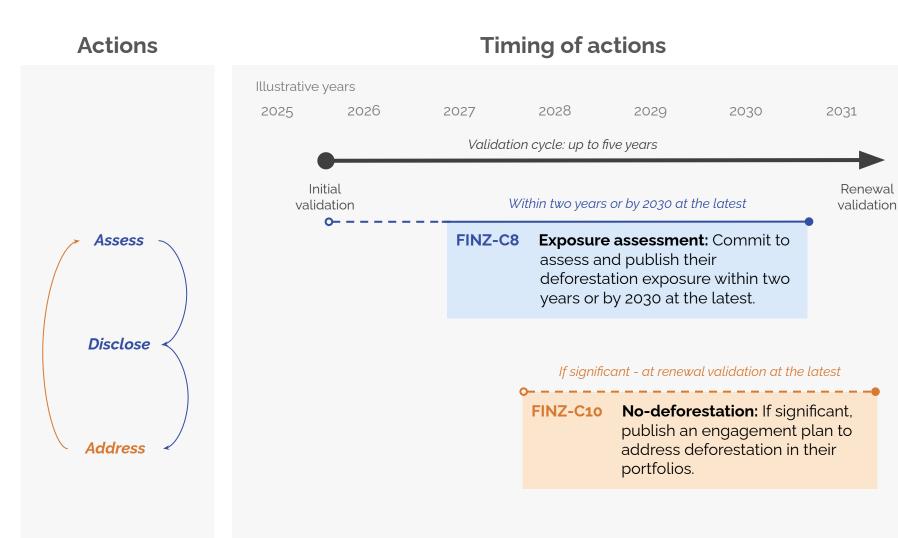
Long-term target to align at least 95% of financing with net-zero benchmarks by 2050 at the latest.

Timeframe: Selected net-zero year

Coverage: 100%

No-deforestation: Commitment to action via assessing, disclosing and addressing in case of significance





Details

Include in exposure assessment and disclosure:

- Deforestation exposure provided to portfolio entities linked to, at a minimum, the loss of natural forest¹ stemming from any critical deforestation- linked commodities.²
- Disclosures (i) definition; (ii) definition of "significant"³; (iii) methodologies and metrics for tracking (incl. cutoff date in the past); (iv) public reporting approach and frequency.

Include in the plan:

- Financial institution's strategy outline and timeline of action for addressing deforestation.
- Public disclosure of progress against the engagement plan.

¹as a result of: (1) conversion to agriculture or other non-forest land use; (2) conversion to a tree plantation; or (3) severe and sustained degradation.

² "Critical" include: beef, palm oil, soy, cocoa, and timber and wood fiber.

"Other" include: coffee, leather, and rubber.

³ using a percentage or absolute amount.

Reporting on their climate performance and progress against targets is key





Chapter 4

Assessing and communicating progress

- **FINZ-C17 Reporting:** Shall commit to publicly report progress against targets on an annual basis.
- FINZ-C18 Progress and target renewal: Shall determine progress against their validated target(s) at the end of their near-term target time frame and, when relevant, establish new target(s) and submit them for validation.

Zoom in Reporting Data points

- Gross GHG emissions for segments A, B, and C, and methodology, assumptions, data sources and data quality.
 Separate reporting is required for:
 - Scopes 1 and 2, and scopes 1, 2 and 3 portfolio-level emissions.
 - Carbon removals, carbon credits and avoided emissions (if relevant).
 - Fossil fuel-related emissions, and as data quality allows, methane emissions.
- Climate-alignment and sector metric assessment, including breakdown of climate-alignment methodologies used.
- Clean energy to fossil fuel financial exposure ratio.
- ✓ Deforestation exposure.

Timing - increasing scope and data quality over time

- **By 2030** have a full GHG emissions inventory and full climate-alignment assessment across all segments A, B, C, and D.
- Continuously increase data quality.

Financial institutions describe target conformance using appropriate wording





Chapter 5

Claims

FINZ-C19 SBTi claims: shall ensure all claims are accurate, transparent, verifiable, and compatible with the criteria in this Standard and SBTi policies.

Target Language

Headline Target

[Financial institution name] commits to reach net-zero GHG emissions from its in-scope financial activities by [net-zero target year]. To reach this target, it has set different sub-targets:

- [Financial institution name]'s near-term portfolio targets cover [XX]% of its financial exposure to [LND, AOI, AMI, INS, CMA] activities as of [base year]. As of that year, required in-scope activities made up [XX]% of [Financial institution name]'s financial exposure to [LND, AOI, AMI, INS, CMA] activities, while optional in-scope activities made up [XX]% and out-of-scope activities made up [XX]%.
- [Financial institution name]'s alignment targets cover [XX]% of its in-scope [LND, AOI, AMI, INS, CMA] activities by [financial metric] while [Financial institution name]'s sector targets cover [XX]% as of [base year].
- [Financial institution name]'s long-term portfolio targets cover [XX]% of its financial exposure to [LND, AOI, AMI, INS, CMA] activities as of [base year]. As of that year, in-scope activities made up [XX]% of [Financial institution name]'s financial exposure to [LND, AOI, AMI, INS, CMA] activities, while out-of-scope activities made up [XX]%





Find out more

Want to learn more about the Financial Institutions Net-Zero Standard?

Check out our financial institutions webpage and sign up to our webinar on September 10, 2025.



Make sure to submit your questions in when you sign up to our webinar



THANK YOU

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